# Elementary Reading Curriculum: Units of Study in Reading Grade 4

Linit 1.	Intorprofice (	Charactors	
	Interpreting (	unaracters	
Overview	Students will be able to independently use their learning to establish a life, think deeply about characters, and build interpretations about tex		
	them comp     A story is comp     Close reading characters.     Substantial     Thinking about	act in ways that are predictable and unpredictablex. Onstructed across a story arc. Ong of a text will elicit details that can be used to	understand
Unit Learning Bends	Bend I: Establishing a Reading Life	In this bend, readers will read intensely by paying attention to what a book is asking them to do. Teachers will spend time investing in the classroom community and the procedures that they put into place for reading and discussing books. Readers will dive into summarizing in the sense that they will look back into a text bringing earlier, relevant sections to support what they just read.	Priority Standards across the Unit that will be addressed: RL.4.1 RL.4.2
	Bend II: Thinking Deeply about Characters	In this bend, readers will develop theories about characters. They will pair this work with determining importance by understanding how stories are held together by a story arc. Readers will learn to pay attention to the details that authors showcase and understand the meaning behind them. Once character theories have been developed, readers will revise them to become more complex as they read to collect new information.	RL.4.3 RL.4.4 W.4.1 W.4.9 SL.4.1 SL.4.4

	Bend III: Building	In this bend, readers will grow to understand	
	Interpretations	that when they develop an interpretation of	
		an entire text, they will need to think about	
		many events of the text. Readers will	
		develop interpretations using life issues that	
		relate to people and stories and consider	
		part to whole work.	
Unit	Suggested Key Tex	ts for Read Aloud and for Minilessons:	
Resources	<ul> <li>Mango, Ab</li> </ul>	uela, and Me by Meg Medina	
	<ul> <li>The Tiger R</li> </ul>	ising by Kate DiCamillo	
Lesson	Lesson 1: Reading	Intensely: Building a Foundation to Grow Substa	ntial Ideas
Topics	Lesson 2: Taking Re	esponsibility for Reading Lots of Within-Reach B	ook
Across	Lesson 3: Collabora	ating to Create a Culture of Reading	
the Unit	Lesson 4: Retelling	and Synthesizing to Cement Comprehension	
	Lesson 5: Envisioni	ment: Seeing and Hearing inside the Text	
	Lesson 6: Using Pa	rtners and Learning Progressions to Lift the Leve	el of Your Work
	Lesson 7: Reading	to Develop Defensible Ideas about Characters	
	Lesson 8: Developi	ng Significant Ideas: Using the Story Arc to Notice	ce Important
	Details about Char	acters	
	Lesson 9: Growing	Grounded, Significant Ideas by Noticing Author	's Craft: Finding
	Meaning in Repeat	ted Details	
	Lesson 10: Improvi	ing Theories by Reaching for Precise Academic L	anguage
	Lesson 11: Finding	Complications in Characters	
		ng to Prompt Rich Book Conversation	
		ing Evidence Back in the Text	
		g beyond Characters: Studying Other Elements o	
	_	g through Many Lenses at Not Just a Scene—but	at the Whole
	Story So Far		
		ting Thoughts to Build Interpretations	
		od for Crystallizing Central Interpretations	
	_	Meaning in Recurring Images, Objects, and Det	ails
	Lesson 19: Celebra	tion: Creating a Self-Portrait in Books	
Unit 2	Panding tha	Mosther Posding the Morld	

# Unit 2: Reading the Weather, Reading the World

### Overview

Students will be able to independently use their learning to learn from text, launch a whole class research project, and tackle a second research project with research clubs.

# **Enduring Understandings**

- We read non-fiction texts to learn about the world around us.
- We can extend our knowledge by reading multiple texts about similar topics.

		e strategies to present their information in varion purposes in non-fiction texts.	ous ways and
Unit Learning Bends	Bend I: Learning from Texts  Bend II: Launching a Whole Class	In this bend, students will uncover the nonfiction in their lives by discovering "What sort of nonfiction fills my life?" Readers will read easier texts to practice use of different text structures like problem-solution, chronological/sequence, and compare/contrast. Readers will shift to work with more difficult texts and determine main idea and supporting details using boxes and bullets. The bend ends with a summarizing "boot camp."  In this bend, readers will work in research groups to study and research extreme weather and natural disasters. Individual	Priority Standards across the Unit that will be addressed: RI.4.1 RI.4.2 RI.4.5 RI.4.8 RI.4.9 W.4.8
	Reading Project	group members will research subtopics. There will be a focus on synthesizing texts and navigating difficult texts with difficult vocabulary and new text features. Bend 2 culminates with members of each research team teaching each other what they have learned.	W.4.9 SL.4.2 SL.4.4
	Bend III: Tackling a Second Research Project with More Agency and Power	In this bend, research teams swap topics and begin studying another extreme weather or natural disaster event. It is suggested that groups study topics that are somewhat related to their previous topic. Readers will grow their ideas as they learn across topics noticing patterns and relationships.	
Unit Resources	Hurricane d	ts for Read Aloud and for Minilessons: and Tornado by Jack Challoner y Kathy Furgang	
Lesson Topics across the Unit	Lesson 2: To Learn Text Lesson 3: Text Stru Lesson 4: Embracin	and Learning with Intensity from Nonfiction, Readers Get Their Mental Arn actures Help Accentuate What Matters ag the Challenge of Nonfiction Reading lenges Posed by Texts that are Structured as Hy	

Lesson 6: Tackling Academic Vocabulary through Reading, Note-Taking, and

Conversation

Lesson 7: Summary Boot Camp

Lesson 8: Planning for a Research Project

Lesson 9: Synthesis: Developing Ideas Across Texts

Lesson 10: Reading Various Types of Text Structures

Lesson 11: Writing to Grow Research-Based Ideas

Lesson 12: Don't Skip the Hard Stuff: Tackling Complex Text

Lesson 13: Celebration: Teaching One Another

Lesson 14: Reading and Thinking across Two Topics: Comparing and Contrasting

Lesson 15: Seeking Out Patterns and Relationships in Text

Lesson 16: New Topics Lead to New Investigations

Lesson 17: Readers Come to Texts with Their Own Agenda

Lesson 18: Evaluating Sources

Lesson 19: Reading Closely, Thinking Deeply

Lesson 20: Analyzing Craft: Studying How Nonfiction Authors Achieve Their Goals

Lesson 21: Imagining Possibilities and Celebrating the Unit

# **Unit: Details and Synthesis**

and Tracing

#### Overview

Students will be able to independently use their learning to analyze parts of a story in relation to the whole and interpret fictional texts with more depth.

## **Enduring Understandings**

- Characters change over time.
- Characters' struggles, patterns of behavior, and interactions with others can give clues about the theme.
- Readers use text evidence to support their big ideas about texts.
- Different texts may develop the same theme in different ways.

Unit
Learning
Bends

Bend I: Making	In this bend, readers will take stock in	
More of Details	reading fiction, set goals, and learn the value	
to Grow Deeper	of rereading and tracking multiple	
About Characters	ideas. Readers will be encouraged to grow	Priority
	big ideas about characters by studying traits	Standards
	and relationships and examining how	across the
	characters change over time. Readers will	Unit that will
	also study details that appear unrelated by	be addressed:
	considering how these connect the ideas	
	about their characters.	RL.4.1
		RL.4.2
Bend II: Finding	In this bend, readers will begin to focus more	RL.4.3

on theme. They will study characters more

deeply to develop sophisticated themes by

W.4.9

SL.4.1

	Themes Across a Story	paying close attention to characters' struggles, patterns of behaviors, and interactions with minor characters. During this bend, we will expect readers to talk about their ideas for essays as they draw on evidence from the text to back up their ideas.	SL.4.4
	Bend III: Comparing and Contrasting Across Texts	In this bend, readers will focus on comparing and contrasting texts in many ways. Readers will study how similar themes are developed in different ways across texts in addition to comparing and contrasting point of view across books. To wrap up this unit, readers will consider ways they can learn lessons from books they read.	
Unit	Suggested Key Tex	ts for Read Aloud and for Minilessons:	
Resources	• <i>Piper</i> Pixar	Short (https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=KCf	56Tb0CP8)
	<ul> <li>Fox by Mar</li> </ul>	garet Wild	
	<ul> <li>Hot Day on</li> </ul>	Abbott Avenue by Karen English	
Lesson		ng strategies you use when reading fiction	
Topics		tention as you read and realizing when you are	not
across	understanding the		
the Unit	Lesson 3: Rereading important parts in a text and rethinking to grow new ideas		
	about the text		
	Lesson 4: Analyzing how change happens in a text: cause and effect events		
	Lesson 5: Bringing ideas about reading to discussion groups and rethinking them		
	together Lesson 6: Reading parts of a story that are about setting or the plot and analyzing		
	_		t and analyzing
	how they reveal more about the character Lesson 7: Understanding what parts of a story (setting, plot, etc.) reveal about		
	character change	G 11 [1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
	_	ng character motivations and obstacles characte	rs face and
	what they learn		
	Lesson 9: Studying	a character's behavior in the text	
	=	g how secondary characters impact the theme	
	_	essays: gathering evidence from the text to sup	port our ideas
		g the text to strengthen our ideas	
	=	g part to whole: how do the different parts of th	ne text relate
	to the big idea in the story		
	Lesson 14: Compa	ring and contrasting themes across texts	

# **Unit 3: Reading History**

# Overview

Students will be able to independently use their learning to read like historians by tackling complex text, synthesizing information of various points of view, and debating with reasons and solid evidence.

## **Enduring Understandings**

- Researchers and historians pay attention to text structure and text features to paraphrase nonfiction text to determine the main idea.
- Historians ask questions about history to figure out the big lessons from the past.
- Readers use text features and visuals in informational nonfiction text to aid in comprehension.
- Readers use key details to summarize and to synthesize information.
- Readers identify multiple main ideas in a text.

earning Fends F	Bend I: Researching History Bend II:	In this bend, students will research events leading up to the American Revolution from the perspective of the Patriots. Readers will use text structures to organize their thinking as they take notes. Summarizing and chunking the text will be the focus of the bend. Teachers will foster student independence and ownership and help students to understand that as they are learning history, they are becoming stronger readers. They will foster student independence and ownership throughout the unit.	Priority Standards across the Unit that will be addressed:  RI.4.2 RI.4.3 RI.4.5 RI.4.6 RI.4.9 W.4.1
[ [ [	Preparing for Debate  Bend III: Engaging in a Gecond Cycle of Research	teach readers that any account that they read will be written from the writer's own viewpoint and there may be different perspectives. Readers will explore reading about both sides of the American Revolution and learn about argument and debate.  In this bend, students will begin researching in partnerships, a topic after the Second Continental Congress. Students will need continued support working on previewing	W.4.8 SL.4.1 SL.4.4
F	Preparing for Debate  Bend III: Engaging in a Second Cycle of	readers. They will foster student independence and ownership throughout the unit.  In this bend, readers will focus on point of view and perspective. Teachers will teach readers that any account that they read will be written from the writer's own viewpoint and there may be different perspectives. Readers will explore reading about both sides of the American Revolution and learn about argument and debate.  In this bend, students will begin researching in partnerships, a topic after the Second Continental Congress. Students will need	RI.4. RI.4. RI.4. RI.4. W.4 W.4 SL.4

	monitoring for meaning, vocabulary development and interpretation.	
Unit	Suggested Key Texts for Read Aloud and for Minilessons:	
Resources	King George: What Was His Problem? by Steve Sheinkin	
Resources	Liberty! How the Revolutionary War Began by Lucille Recht Penner	
	The Revolutionary War by Josh Gregory	
	The Split History of the American Revolution: A Perspectives Flip Book by	
	Michael Burgan	
Lesson	Lesson 1: Researchers Orient Themselves to a Text Set	
Topics	Lesson 2: Readers Use Text Structures to Organize Incoming Information and	
across	Notes	
the Unit	Lesson 3: Special Challenges of Researching History	
	Lesson 4: Prioritizing: Notetaking on What's Really Important	
	Lesson 5: Synthesizing across Texts	
	Lesson 6: The Role of Emblematic Detail in Nonfiction	
	Lesson 7: Readers Develop Strategies for Reading Primary Sources	
	Lesson 8: Readers Bring Their Topics to Life	
	Lesson 9: A Celebration of Learning	
	Lesson 10: Recognizing Different Perspectives	
	Lesson 11: Readers Find—and Angle—Evidence to Support Their Claim	
	Lesson 12: Rehearsing a Debate	
	Lesson 13: Staging a Second Continental Congress Debate	
	Lesson 14: Building the Prior Knowledge that Makes Texts Accessible	
	Lesson 15: Strategies for Tackling Increasingly Complex Texts	
	Lesson 16: Readers Study All Parts of a Text to Determine Main Ideas	
	Lesson 17: Readers Alter Their Strategies Based on the Kind of Text They Are	
	Reading	
	Lesson 18: Developing a Richer Conceptual Knowledge of Key Vocabulary	
	Lesson 19: Questioning and Hypothesizing to Reach Deeper Conclusions	
	Lesson 20: Reading History for Universal Messages and for Deeper Meaning	
Unit 4:	Historical Fiction Book Clubs	
Overview		
	Students will be able to independently use their learning to synthesize evolving	
	settings and plot lines and timelines, interpret complex texts, and think across	
	fiction and nonfiction to understand character struggles, perspectives, insights.	
	Enduring Understandings	
	Characters' feelings and decisions are shaped by their role and the time	
	period in which they live.	
	Readers make connections to determine the importance of a part of the	
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story to the whole story.

	support the • Readers of understand	tory and details across the text can help determe theme. historical fiction study primary sources to deep ling of the topic. nany perspectives to consider when reading abo	en their
Unit Learning Bends	Bend I: Tackling Complex Texts  Bend II: Interpreting Complex Texts	In this bend, readers will synthesize evolving settings, plot lines and timelines and determine the relationships between them. Readers will begin working in book clubs and through these book clubs, readers will read to pay attention to mood, as well as construct a strong sense of setting considering both the physical and the emotional space of their texts.  In this bend, readers will build on the interpretation work done in Unit 1 (Interpreting Characters). Readers will draft	Priority Standards across the Unit that will be addressed:  RL.4.1 RL.4.2 RL.4.3 RL.4.6
		and revise ideas about characters and use ideas to come up with more than one theme for their texts. Book clubs will begin to have "conversations" and discuss how passages connect to other parts of the texts that they're reading. Symbolism will play an integral role in conversations as readers determine, "What is the author really saying?" Opportunities for reader's theater may be presented during book clubs.	RI.4.6 SL.4.1 SL.4.4
	Bend III: The Intersection of Historical Fiction and History	In this bend, readers will connect nonfiction primary sources and images to the historical fiction text that they were reading. This work will enlarge their understanding of character struggles, perspectives, and insights. There is a large focus on cross-text synthesis – thinking across fiction and nonfiction texts. Readers will have the opportunity to analyze the perspective of the characters that they've been reading about.	

Unit	Suggested Key Texts for Read Aloud and for Minilessons:		
Resources	Rose Blanche by Christophe Gallaz		
110000	Number the Stars by Lois Lowry		
Lesson	Lesson 1: Reading Analytically at the Start of a Book		
Topics	Lesson 2: Monitoring for Sense: Fitting the Pieces Together		
across	Lesson 3: Thinking across Timelines: Fitting History and Characters Together		
the Unit	Lesson 4: Characters' Perspectives Are Shaped by Their Roles		
	Lesson 5: Marking Significant Events in the Book		
	Lesson 6: Seeing Big Ideas in Small Details		
	Lesson 7: Determining Themes		
	Lesson 8: Deepening Interpretation through Collaboration and Close Reading		
	Lesson 9: Attending to Minor Characters		
	Lesson 10: Self-Assessing Using Qualities of a Strong Interpretation		
	Lesson 11: Turning to Primary Sources to Better Understand History		
	Lesson 12: Turning Reading into a Project: Adding Background Information to		
	Deepen Understanding		
	Lesson 13: Readers Learn History from Historical Narratives		
	Lesson 14: Some People's Perspective is Not All People's Perspectives		
	Lesson 15: Seeing Power in Its Many Forms		
	Lesson 16: Finding Thematic Connections across Texts		